# CNT 5412, Spring 2025

# Message Authentication Code

VIET TUNG HOANG

The slides are loosely based on those of Prof. Mihir Bellare, UC San Diego.

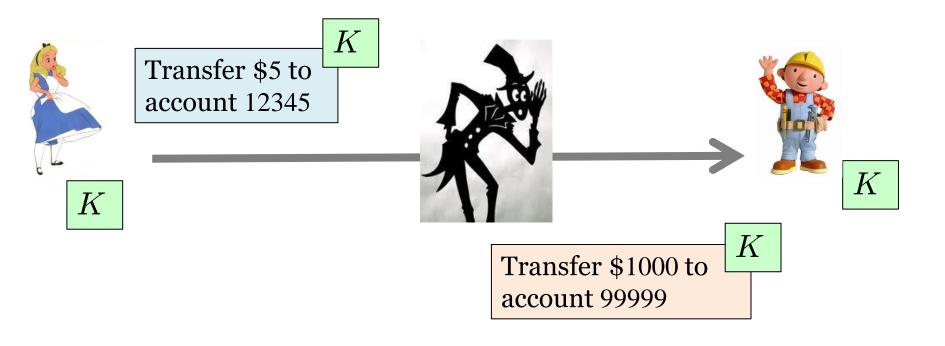
# Agenda

# 1. MAC and Authenticity

2. MAC Constructions

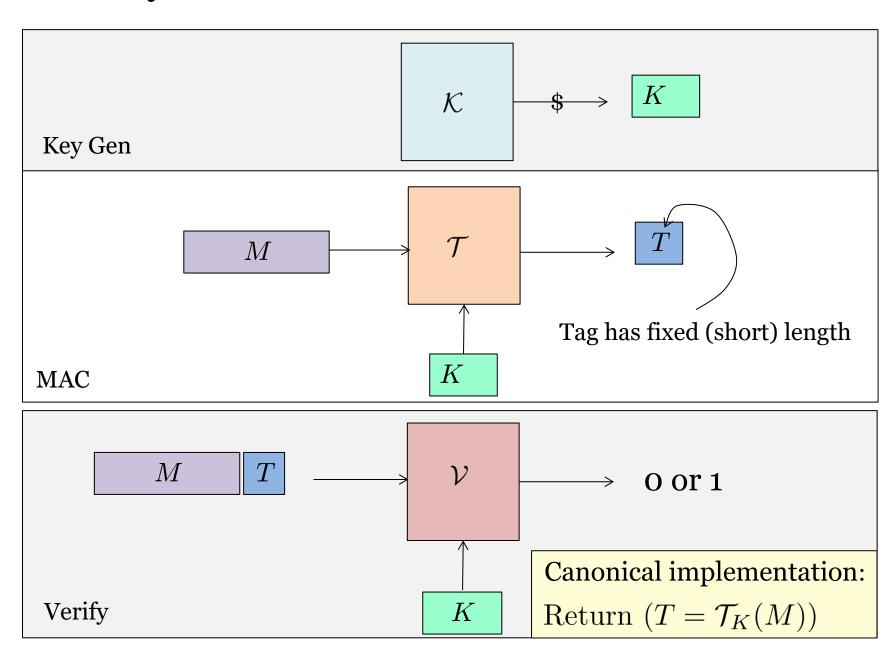
3. How to Construct Good MAC

# The Need for Authenticity

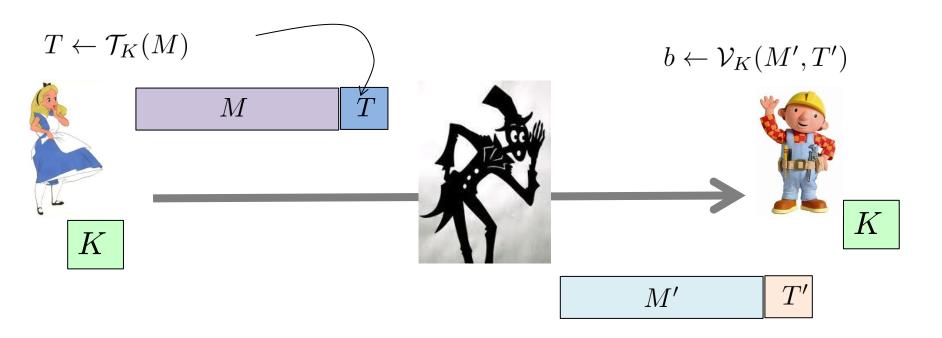


Classical encryptions (CTR, CBC) don't provide authenticity

# **MAC Syntax**



# **MAC Usage**



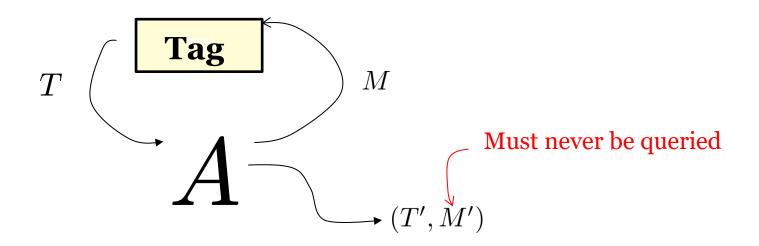
### **Formalizing Security**

$$\mathbf{MAC}_{\mathcal{T}}$$

procedure Initialize() 
$$K \leftrightarrow K$$

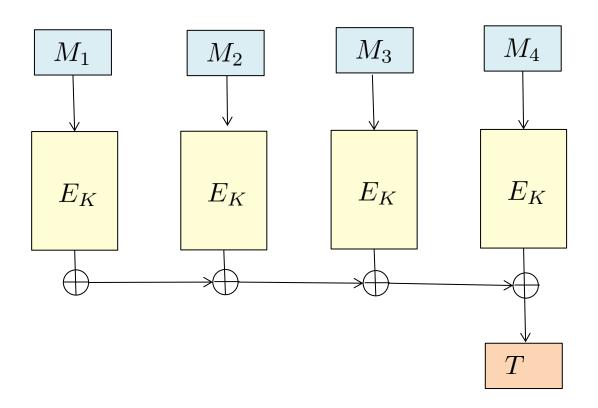
procedure 
$$\mathbf{Tag}(M)$$
  
Return  $\mathcal{T}_K(M)$ 

procedure Finalize(T', M')Return  $(T' = \mathcal{T}_K(M'))$ 

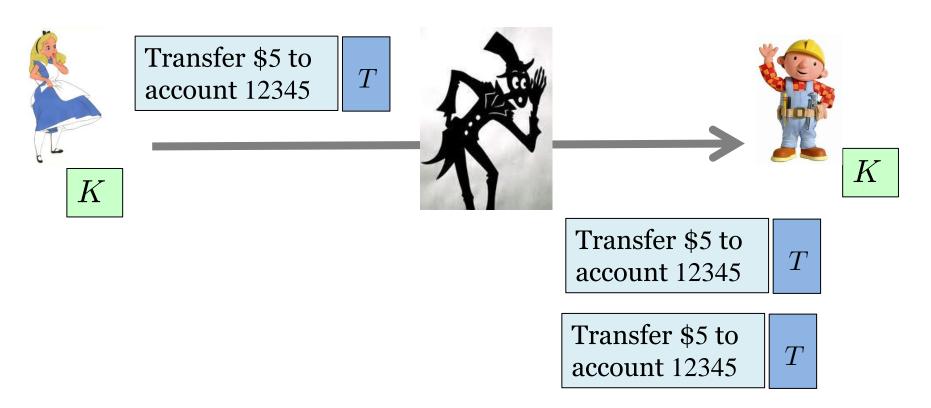


$$\mathbf{Adv}_{\mathcal{T}}^{\mathrm{mac}}(A) = \Pr[\mathrm{MAC}_{\mathcal{T}}^{A} \Rightarrow 1]$$

# **Exercise: Breaking MAC Security With No Query**



# **Replay Attack**

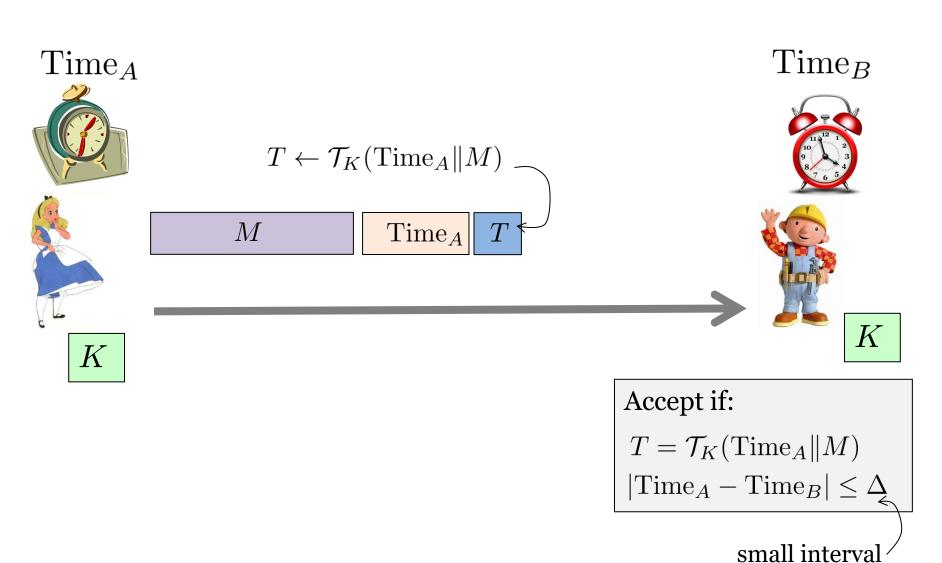


Bob transfers \$10 instead of \$5!!

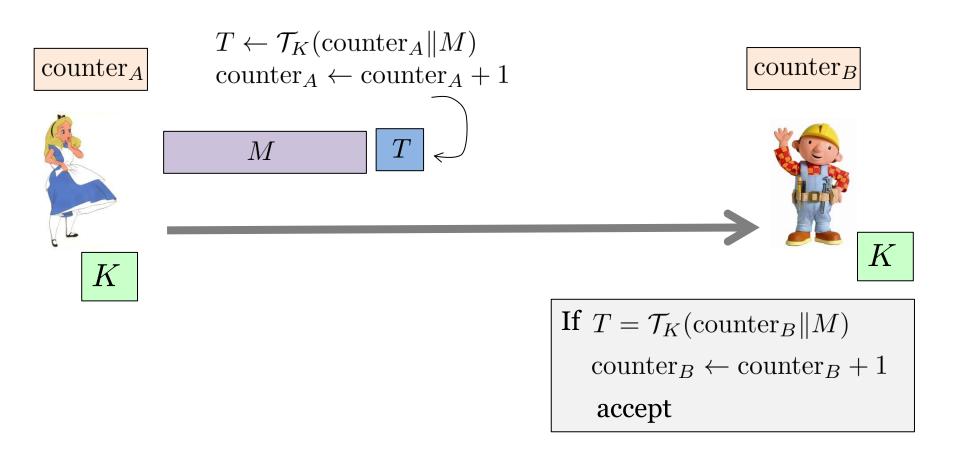
MAC <u>wasn't</u> defined to handle replay attack.

Replay is best addressed as an add-on to standard msg authentication

# **Prevent Replay Attack Using Timestamp**



# **Prevent Replay Attack Using Counter**



Counters need to be synchronized

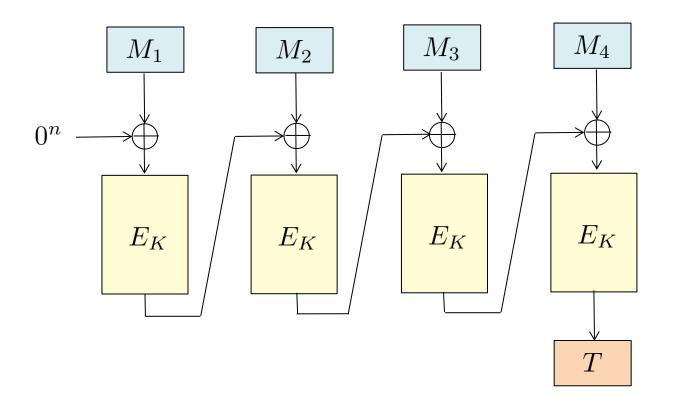
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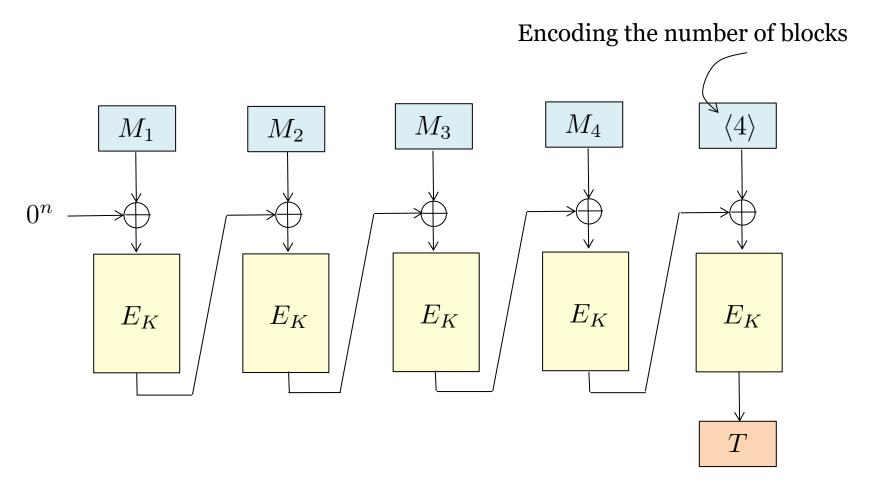
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#### **An Insecure Construction: Plain CBC-MAC**



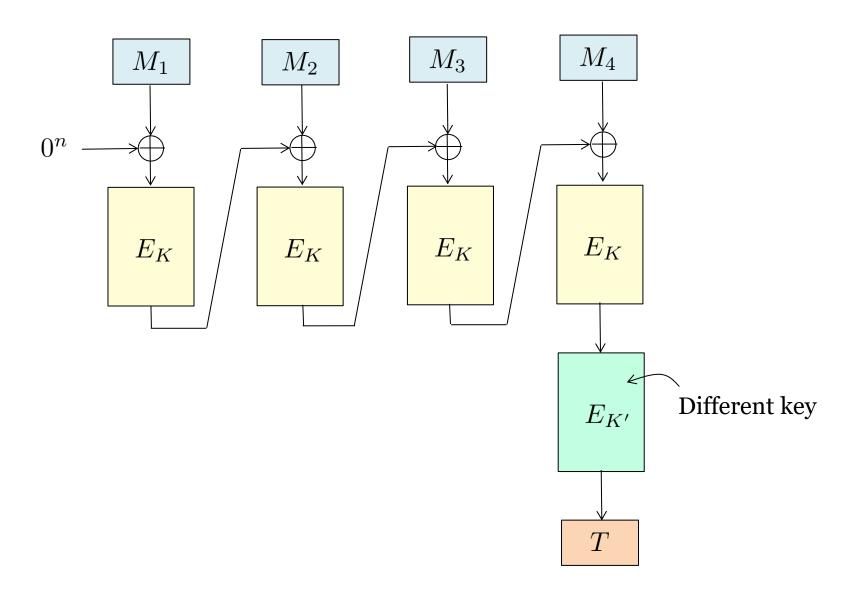
**Question**: Break CBC-MAC with a single Tag query

#### **An Incorrect Fix of CBC-MAC**



**Exercise**: Break this version using 3 Tag queries

# A Good Construction: Encrypted CBC-MAC

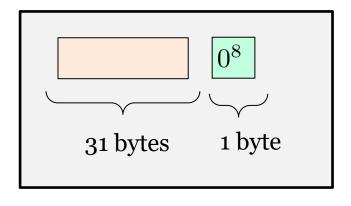


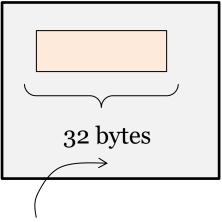
# **Dealing with Fragmentary Data**

**Solution**: Padding with  $10^*$ 

**Question**: Can we instead use padding with  $0^*$ ?

**Example**: Suppose that the block length is 16 bytes.





No padding  $\rightarrow$  save bandwidth

**Answer**: No, can break this with a single Tag query

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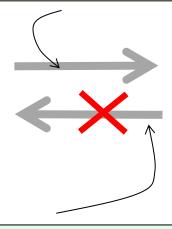
3. How to Construct Good MAC

#### PRF Is a Good MAC

**Intuition**: - A good MAC means the output should be unpredictable

- Random strings are unpredictable

# PRF Security

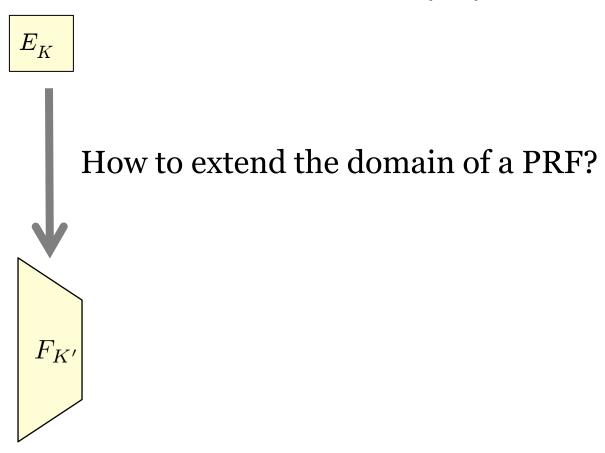


MAC Security

**Question**: Given a good MAC F, construct F' that is still a good MAC but has a trivial PRF attack.

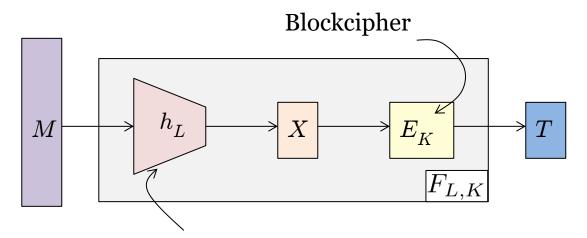
#### **PRF Extension**

**Blockcipher:** Good PRF with small domain  $\{0, 1\}^n$ 



**Want:** Good PRF with large domain  $\{0, 1\}^*$ 

# **Extending Domain: Carter-Wegman Paradigm**



Condensing msg using a (keyed) hash

What's the needed property for the hash?

### **Computationally Almost Universal Hash**

$$A \longrightarrow (X_1, X_2)$$

$$\mathbf{Adv}_h^{\mathrm{cau}}(A) = \Pr_{L \leftrightarrow \mathcal{L}}[h_L(X_1) = h_L(X_2)]$$

# **Building A PRF Via Carter-Wegman**

### **Encrypted CBCMAC**

